

## Crowd Awaiting Arrival at Pier



Some idea of the tremendous outpouring of people who stood to glimpse His Eminence in New York before he started for Archbishop Hayes' residence.

This photograph is reproduced through the courtesy of the "Record."

## SPLENDID GREETING GIVEN CARDINAL IN NEW YORK

(Continued from First Page)

"Hyland" and the "Correction" were placed at the disposal of the delegation through the courtesy of Mayor Hyland's Committee for the Reception of Distinguished Guests. Rodman Wanamaker is chairman of this commission and John F. Sinnott secretary. The "Correction," bearing the Philadelphia delegation, and the "John F. Hyland," carrying the official welcoming committee of this city, left Pier A at 7:50 A. M., after they had received word that the Olympic had reached the quarantine station on Staten Island at 7:30. There was a municipal band on each craft, and the river was swept by misty as the boats, gallantly decorated with flags, banners and bunting, chugged down the bay in the bright sunlight of the early morning. The weather was perfect and the air clear, so that before long the four stacks of the Olympic were sighted some distance ahead, at the very tip of the lower end of Staten Island, where she had stood to midstream. When the "Hyland," which preceded the other vessel down stream, drew near the steamer, the crowd of passengers on the huge vessel swarmed to the side to shout their approval of the tunes that the band was so industriously furnishing.

## Greeted Far Down the Bay.

The "Hyland" was still some distance from the Olympic when the figure of the Cardinal was recognized on the top deck of the vessel. He was wearing a small black cap, and this he took off and waved energetically when he recognized the mission of the approaching boat. Those aboard the "Hyland" shouted their welcome and the whistle of the "Hyland" began to scream. At 8:30 the two welcome boats were drawn up alongside the Olympic, with the "Hyland" on the inside.

There followed a long delay, for the Cardinal and his entourage were not allowed to leave the vessel until she had been boarded by immigration inspectors and doctors. After an hour the inspectors arrived on the tugs "Staten Island" and "Immigrant," and hastened aboard the Olympic across the improvised passageway that had been constructed at one of the lower gangways. After them went Monsignor Dineen, to extend the greetings of Archbishop Hayes to the Cardinal. His Grace was unable to be present, Monsignor Dineen said, on account of consecrating the Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, West One Hundred and Eighteenth street.

His Eminence had been granted permission by the U. S. Treasury Department to leave the steamer at quarantine, a privilege only accorded to foreign emissaries and high dignitaries of this country. Another short delay followed, during this interval, Monsignor Fisher went aboard to greet the Cardinal on behalf of the Archdiocese of Philadelphia, and also to give to His Eminence a number of telegrams that had arrived for him.

## Leaps From Liner to Boat.

It was 10 o'clock when the Cardinal appeared at the gangway and started to climb cautiously down the rather precarious arrangement of boards, assisted by Inspector James W. Hallick, chief of the marine division of New York. The band on the "Correction" began to play "Home, Sweet Home," and all of those on both of the river boats uncovered their heads and cheered.

When the Cardinal had reached the deck of the "Hyland," he was surrounded by those who had come to pay him honor. Behind him the members of his party came trooping down the Olympic and they also were warmly greeted.

Rodman Wanamaker and Commissioner of Plants and Structures, Grover A. Whalen, representing the city, then escorted the Cardinal from the "Hyland" to the "Correction," where he was the object of another burst of welcome from the hundreds of Philadelphians aboard. Several of the Cardinal's relatives were waiting for him on the latter vessel. They were Mrs. P. J. McCormick, her sister and her daughters, Dorothy and Mrs. Rose Ferron, and Frank T. Boylan, a nephew.

Just before he left the "Hyland," the Cardinal was handed a huge bunch of 300 American Beauty roses, around the stems of which were entwined the yellow and white Papal colors and the red of the Cardinal.

## Message to Cheering Throngs.

As soon as the "John F. Hyland" and "Correction" had steamed alongside of the Olympic, the Cardinal gave a message to the cheering throngs on both boats.

"In spite of all manner of courtesies and kindnesses shown us in Italy and France," the message read, "we are glad to be back in our native land. From what we saw and heard, we feel certain that conditions in the United States are far better than in Europe and we are more than ever proud of our country."

His Eminence and his clerical and lay escort who accompanied him to Rome, were transferred from the Olympic, first, to the "John F. Hyland" and then to the "Correction," where he received individually every person who made the trip down the bay.

After graciously posing for news-

paper photographers, and being surrounded by motion picture cameramen, His Eminence, Mr. Wanamaker and Mr. Whalen went into the top cabin of the boat. It was during this period that His Eminence presented to Mr. Wanamaker a beautifully autographed photograph of His Holiness, Benedict XV. The inscription is as follows: "The sight of the banners of the United States of Pennsylvania and of the city of Philadelphia, will ever arouse in our mind the sense of gratitude which Mr. Wanamaker's courteous gift has aroused in us."

Below this was "The Vatican, March 23, 1921," and then the Holy Father's signature. The gift was an expression of thanks for the three magnificent silk flags which Mr. Wanamaker presented to the Pope through His Eminence.

The Cardinal told newspaper men that when he boarded the Nieuw Amsterdam, preparatory to sailing for Rome, he found in the stateroom three silk banners, which were most exquisite in appearance and which were to be presented to Pope Benedict XV. In honor of the elevation of Archbishop Dougherty to the Cardinalate, By then Mr. Wanamaker wished to thank the Holy Father for the honor bestowed on our country and particularly the Diocese of Philadelphia, to which the Archbishop belongs. Cardinal Dougherty brought the flags to Rome and presented them to the Holy Father. Then the Holy Father showed every courtesy on the occasion of Cardinal Dougherty's first audience. As soon as the Cardinal was seated, the Holy Father directed attention to the stand of colors against the wall in his private study. Afterwards the Cardinal learned that it was the Holy Father, himself, who had arranged them. Then it was he spontaneously autographed his photograph. The Cardinal brought the photograph with him and had the honor of presenting it during the trip in the bay. It is needless to say that the Holy Father was much gratified by the gift, concluded His Eminence.

During his passage up New York harbor on the city steamer "Correction," the Cardinal was cheered by thousands on the various vessels anchored in midstream; whistles were blown and the blasts of sirens could be heard for miles. When he arrived at the Battery, it was the signal for another pandemonium from the bells and whistles of that vicinity of the city.

When His Eminence left the Battery in company with Mayor Hyland, who met him there, thousands were congregated around Pier A, where the Correction docked, and the street along which the automobile procession was to pass was black with people for several blocks.

Triumphal March in New York.

At the sight of the Cardinal and the Mayor there was a roar of welcome from this multitude. After a delay of a few minutes, Cardinal Dougherty and his entourage were placed in municipal cars and started off at the head of the parade, composed of more than 100 municipal automobiles. With the Cardinal in the leading machine were the Mayor and Monsignor Dineen, representing Archbishop Hayes. By the order of the Mayor, the procession was given the right of way and all traffic on the crowded streets was at a standstill while the machines passed.

This journey was a constant ovation, a spontaneous and impressive tribute to the prelate. Persons lined the streets all along the route, and faces showed in most of the windows along the commercial canyons through which the cars whirled in financial New York. There had been no advance notice of the parade, but at first the pedestrians were attracted by the line of automobiles speeding along the streets, and then they recognized the Cardinal in the leading car. Heads would then be uncovered in honor of the passing prelate.

A heavy squad of motorcycle policemen escorted the procession from the Battery to lower Broadway, to Lafayette street, to East Ninth street, to Fifth avenue, to Fifty-first street, and thence to Madison avenue and the Archbishop's residence at the rear of the Cathedral.

Accompanying His Eminence from Rome were the Right Rev. Monsignor Michael J. Crane, V. G., the Very Rev. Joseph A. Whittaker, S. T. L., Chancellor; the Revs. Michael C. Donovan, Joseph A. McCullough, John J. Rooney, John J. Greensill, and the Right Rev. Monsignor P. J. Supple, of the Roman Diocese. The laymen, all of whom are Papal chamberlains, were former State Senator John J. Coyle, Dr. William H. Long and Joseph F. Gallagher.

Receives Newspaper Men.

His Eminence graciously received a delegation of New York and Philadelphia newspaper men and representatives of the N. C. W. C. Press Bureau at Archbishop Hayes' residence at 5 o'clock.

The Cardinal in response to a question from one of the reporters, said that in Europe there was noticeable a great change regarding the appreciation of the United States and this was believed due to the participation of this country in the world war. The United States, he continued, is, he feels, better known than formerly and its greatness more realized. The masses in Europe had formerly entertained strange ideas of the United

## CHILDREN TO CELEBRATE IN HONOR OF CARDINAL

Mass of Thanksgiving in All Parish Churches—Special Ceremonies in Cathedral.

Then the Cardinal gave an answer to the question, which has frequently been asked of public speakers and others active in affairs of the Government during the war: "Just what part did the United States take in determining the issue of the world war?"

The Cardinal replied:

"In Paris a banquet was given in my honor by the Inter-Allied Club, I was seated next to General Foch, and the great French Generalissimo frankly admitted that the United States had turned the scale in the war, and that it did not enter the conflict any too soon for the Allies."

Replying to a query about his impression of the labor situation abroad, the Cardinal said:

"We thought we noticed, from visits made before the war—and this no doubt has been due to the war—a self-assuredness on the part of employees; this was particularly noticeable on trains and in hotels."

"I was not in England, but we heard that an alarming state of affairs exists as a result of the coal miners strike. From what we learned, if the strike should spread to the allied industries, a great crisis would ensue."

Information obtained in France seemed to show an amelioration of religious conditions there, His Eminence said, due not only to the sobering influence of the world war, but also to the staunch patriotism of 21,000 priests, who fought as common soldiers in the trenches. It was said at a banquet attended by Generals Foch and Mangin that signs were evident of rapprochement between State and Church. At this affair one of the Governmental department heads began his remarks with a quotation from Pope Pius X, and the feeling seemed to be ripe that diplomatic relations will be resumed between France and the Vatican in the near future, the Cardinal added, saying that France has already an agent in Rome.

Information obtained in France seemed to show an amelioration of religious conditions there, His Eminence said, due not only to the sobering influence of the world war, but also to the staunch patriotism of 21,000 priests, who fought as common soldiers in the trenches. It was said at a banquet attended by Generals Foch and Mangin that signs were evident of rapprochement between State and Church. At this affair one of the Governmental department heads began his remarks with a quotation from Pope Pius X, and the feeling seemed to be ripe that diplomatic relations will be resumed between France and the Vatican in the near future, the Cardinal added, saying that France has already an agent in Rome.

When His Eminence ascends the throne the High School girls will sing the "Our Father" by Niedmeyer. Five little tots from the Cathedral school will then advance and address the Cardinal in the name of the 100,000 parish school children of the diocese. His Eminence is expected to respond and conclude by giving his blessing.

Solemn Benediction of the Most Blessed Sacrament will follow, the pupils singing the Gregorian, "Adoro te" and "Tantum Ergo," concluding with the "Holy God." The officers will be: Deacon, the Rev. Joseph M. O'Hara; sub-deacon, the Rev. Walter C. Tredtin, S. M. Masters of ceremonies will be the Rev. William P. McNally, S. T. L., and the Rev. John Bonner, D. D. Miss Nora Burke will be at the organ.

KNIGHTS OPENED NEW HOME AS WELCOME TO CARDINAL

The Knights of Columbus Home of the City of Philadelphia, which is the corporation name under which the several affiliated councils will hold title to the magnificent new million-dollar clubhouse at 1324 North Broad street, was occupied for the first time on last Thursday when the doors were thrown open to the members of the order to assist in welcoming home His Eminence Cardinal Dougherty.

The present building, which will be replaced at an early date, was brilliantly illuminated for the occasion with national and Papal flags and bunting and by many vari-colored lights and with an illuminated sign extending a welcome to the Cardinal.

The new home, which was recently taken over by the K. of C., will not be opened regularly as a headquarters, but will be kept in readiness for any affair for which it may be necessary to use it until such time as it is to be replaced by the new clubhouse.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE HAILS CARDINAL AT SEA

The St. Joseph's College radio station was in touch on Wednesday morning with the steamship Olympic, bearing His Eminence to the United States. From the station at the college a message of welcome and congratulation was sent out over land and water. At that time it was estimated that the Olympic must have been about three hundred and fifty miles from the station.

The text of the message was as follows: "Via St. Joseph's radio station. Cordial greetings from the students and faculty of St. Joseph's College. (Signed) REV. PATRICK F. O'GORMAN, S. J., president."

BEATUS VIR!  
To  
His Eminence, Dennis Cardinal Dougherty

Man of God! Our Cardinal!  
Philadelphia's own!  
Pride of all America,  
Mount thy regal throne!

Crimson with the Blood of Christ,  
Shed that man might live!  
Greater gift than this to thee  
Peter could not give.

Speed across the ocean blue  
Keep divinest tryst;  
On thy finger sapphire seal  
Binds thee close to Christ!

Cardinal-priest to lift on high  
God in Sacrifice!  
Now, among heroic peers  
Find thy paradise.

Ave Maris Stella, then,  
Gleam across the foam!  
Angels guide thy vessel's prow;  
Bring thee safely home!

Never yet was Cardinal  
Served as thou shalt be!  
Hearts shall make thy crimson throne  
Of their loyalty!

Pride of all America,  
Philadelphia's own!  
Man of God! Our Cardinal,  
Mount thy regal throne!

MARY DONATUS, I. H. M.  
Villa Maria College, Immaculata, Penna.

## Leaving the Olympic



Courtesy of the "Evening Public Ledger."  
Officers of the White Star liner assisting His Eminence as he steps to the deck of the John F. Hyland.

## On Municipal Boat Correction



Courtesy of the "Evening Public Ledger."  
The Cardinal being greeted by Mr. Rodman Wanamaker before the trip in the bay to the pier began.

## GEORGIA CATHOLICS' RECORD BEST ANSWERS ASSAILANTS

Want of Patriotism Charge Proven False by Figures Showing Number That Fought in War.

(By N. C. W. C. News Service.)

Washington, D. C., April 11.—Catholics of Georgia gave to the American forces during the world war 18 per cent, more men than their quota according to population. This fact is revealed in a careful tabulation which D. J. Ryan, director of the Historical Records Department of the National Catholic Welfare Council has just made of the statistics gathered from twenty of the twenty-three parishes of the State. Complete records, it is expected, will improve the showing.

Official figures from the War Department credit Georgia with having furnished a total of 102,786 men to the various branches of the military and naval service. Of this number, according to the information received by the Historical Records Department, 85,269,121 were Catholics. The Federal census of 1920 was officially reported as 2,984,683. Adding to the figures for 1910 eight-tenths of the difference between the population for 1920 would indicate a population of 2,757,871 for 1918. The Catholic population in 1918, as compiled for the official Catholic directory, prepared in the autumn of 1918 and published early in 1919, was 13,400.

State Hostile to Church.

Had the Catholics furnished but 732 men to the service, they would have contributed their just proportion, according to these figures. Instead, they gave a total of 855 men, and the returns thus far are admittedly incomplete. Forty-three of these Catholic soldiers lost their lives in the conflict.

The showing of Catholics in Georgia is all the more notable because of the constant and virulent hostility which has been shown toward the Church there in past years. Many of the public officers of the State have been elected as a result of their anti-Catholic campaigns, in the course of which they accused Catholics of want of patriotism.

In addition to contributing to the ranks of the army and the navy the Catholics of Georgia were generous in their contributions to the Red Cross and the American Relief Fund. The total amount given by the State to these organizations was \$200,000. Work on the edifice was started in 1919.

## SAN FRANCISCO'S CATHOLIC MAUSOLEUM IS DEDICATED

(By N. C. W. C. News Service.)

San Francisco, April 11.—With the dedication of the new Catholic Community Mausoleum in Holy Cross Cemetery, San Francisco, has one of the most impressive and beautiful homes for the dead on the western continent.

The structure, which was dedicated by the Most Rev. Edward J. Hanna, D. D., rivals in noble dignity many of the ancient world. The exterior is of marble and bronze and the facade is surmounted by a central pylon rising to a height of sixty-five feet. Above the door is a bronze plaque of Christ with outstretched arms and an inscription reading:

"Looking for the blessed hope and the coming of the great God and our Saviour Jesus Christ."

The interior is finished in white Brocado marble. There are 1,150 crypts, eighteen private sections and four private rooms, all within chastely splendid corridors of marble and bronze converging on the chapel, which occupies the central space of the edifice.

The cost of the Mausoleum was more than \$200,000. Work on the edifice was started in 1919.

Dr. MacElwee Goes to Georgetown.

Washington, D. C., April 8.—Dr. Roy S. MacElwee, director of the United States Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, of the Department of Commerce, has just conferred the title and ribbon of "Officer d'Academie" on Sister Mary Eugenie, a religious of the Holy Cross of St. Mary's College, Notre Dame, Ind. This decoration was introduced by Napoleon in 1808 to honor those who distinguish themselves in the field, either of literature or of education.

Sister Mary Eugenie has been teaching French in America for forty-four years. The fact of her faithful and successful work was brought to the notice of the French Ambassador, Jules Jusserand, who immediately applied to his Government for the well-merited honor. The "palmes académiques," as the decoration is sometimes called, are also conferred as a recognition of the sound literary training given by the well-known St. Mary's Academy and College, Notre Dame. It is interesting to note that the founder of the Holy Cross Sisters in the United States, the Very Rev. Edward Sorin, C. S. C., was given the same distinction in 1888. Otherwise, Sister Eugenie is the first religious of the United States to have been named "Officer d'Academie."

## K. of C. Clubhouse for Baltimore.